

# **Global Maritime Security Report**

9 February 2021





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# Incidents at Sea: 1-7 February 2021

Region	Current Incidents	Late Reported Incidents	Incident Threat Level for Current Reporting Period*	OVERALL THREAT LEVEL
MAIN REGIONS				
Gulf of Aden / Indian Ocean / East Africa	0	0	LOW	HIGH
West Africa (Gulf of Guinea)	3	0	MEDIUM	HIGH
East Asia / Southeast Asia	0	4	LOW	HIGH
WORLDWIDE				
North America	0	0	LOW	LOW
Central America / Caribbean / South America	0	5	LOW	MEDIUM
Atlantic Ocean	0	0	LOW	LOW
Northern Europe / Baltic	0	0	LOW	LOW
Mediterranean / Black Sea	0	0	LOW	LOW
Arabian Gulf	0	1	LOW	MEDIUM
Indian Subcontinent	0	1	LOW	LOW
Pacific Ocean Area / Australia / New Zealand	0	0	LOW	LOW

### Piracy levels are determined on a weekly basis as follows:

HIGH 5 or more piracy incidents in current reporting period

**MEDIUM** 2 - 4 piracy incidents in current reporting period

LOW 0 - 1 piracy incidents in current reporting period

\*note that the threat level for the reporting period pertains to the number of current incidents reported in the specified region during the designated reporting period and may be different (higher or lower) to the overall regional threat level

**Disclaimer:** The information contained in this report is as accurate as possible at the time of publishing. In some cases, however, incidents are updated at a later date as more information becomes available. We encourage our subscribers to confidentially report any incidents or suspicious activity to <a href="mailto:info@msrisk.com">info@msrisk.com</a>







# Gulf of Aden / Indian Ocean / East Africa

Vessels operating in the Gulf of Aden, Red Sea, Arabian Sea and Indian Ocean remain at a <u>high risk</u> of piracy, coupled with a risk of vessel damage due to the ongoing conflict in this region. The waters of the Red Sea, Gulf of Aden, Somalia, Arabian Sea and Indian Ocean remain a high-risk area and heightened vigilance is recommended.

Commercial vessels operating in these waters remain at a high risk of being targeted by missiles, rockets, projectiles, mines, small arms, unmanned aerial vehicles, unmanned surface vessels, or waterborne improvised explosive devices, due to the ongoing conflict in Yemen. Vessels transiting the greater Gulf of Aden region should operate under a heightened state of alert. This is due to increasing tensions in the region, particularly around Bab al Mandab Strait and near Yemen, where fighting has taken a maritime trajectory. The risk for potential direct or collateral damage to vessels transiting the region is high. These threats may come from a number of different sources such as missiles, projectiles, or waterborne improvised explosive devices. Houthi rebels have claimed responsibility for the 1 October 2016 attack on a UAE vessel. MS Risk advises all vessels transiting this region to report any hostile activities immediately. Additionally, piracy continues to pose a risk in the Gulf of Aden, Western Arabian Sea and Western Indian Ocean. Any commercial vessels operating in these waters are advised to remain vigilant at all times and should review security measures on a regular basis, ensure that AIS is transmitting at all times, and should monitor VHF Channel 16. Additionally, vessels are advised to:

- Carry out a pre-voyage risk assessment, incorporate appropriate protective measures into their vessel security plans, and adhere to industry guidance, including the use of BMP5 practices;
- Vessel security practices should be hardened prior to entering the Red Sea/Gulf of Aden/Somalia/Arabian Sea/Indian Ocean high-risk area; when transiting these waters, it is essential that crewmembers maintain a 24-hour visual and radar watch;
- Should avoid entering or loitering near Yemeni ports and should exercise heightened vigilance
  if entering into Yemen's territorial waters or Saudi Arabian territorial waters north of Yemen on
  the Red Sea;
- Should remain particularly vigilant when at anchor, operating in restricted manoeuvring environments, or proceeding at slow speeds;
- Establish and remain in contact with regional authorities and report any incidents or suspicious activity immediately;
- Answer all VHF calls from coalition navies.

As piracy attacks and incidents in this region have significantly declined in recent years, some vessels transiting these waters may have increasingly become complacent in the belief that the overall piracy threat has diminished. However, factors including poverty and other issues on land, remain a motivation for pirates operating in this region, who maintain the capabilities and drive to attack and hijack vessels. Consequently the threat of attack and/or hijacking remains high as the root causes in Somali have not been sufficiently addressed.







Masters are advised to remain vigilant at all times inside the HRA and are urged to adhere to guidance and protective measures as set down in BMP5. Sailing yachts should avoid transiting the HRA. Past activity has demonstrated that pirates will attack both large and small yachts transiting this region. While successful attacks and hijackings of merchant vessels have significantly declined, the possibility of attacks and the successful hijacking of sailing vessels continues to remain high. This is due to the reduction of revenue sources from pirated merchant vessels, and the fact that sailing yachts are vulnerable and easier targets. PAG's continue to conduct "soft approaches" on merchant ships transiting the area. Skiffs have approached vessels in order to probe the reaction of the crewmembers and to assess whether any Privately Contracted Armed Security Personnel (PCASP) are onboard. If the pirate approach does not elicit a response, the pirates will likely proceed with an attack, in which additional skiffs may participate.

# **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

Late Reported Incidents

No late reported incidents.

Current Incidents:

0







# West Africa (Gulf of Guinea)

Waters off the Gulf of Guinea remain a <u>high-risk</u> threat to commercial vessels transiting this region.

Throughout 2020, pirates and armed robbers operated off nine countries in the Gulf of Guinea - Nigeria, Benin, Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Togo, São Tomé and Principe and Gabon. Approximately 51% of all incidents of piracy and armed robbery reported in 2020 occurred in waters off Nigeria. Figures released for the first three quarters of 2020 (January - September) indicate that the Gulf of Guinea region reported a 40% rise in the number of kidnappings, compared with the same period in 2019. Furthermore, approximately 95% of global kidnappings that were reported in the first 9 months of 2020 occurred in the Gulf of Guinea. These attacks involved eighty crewmembers being kidnapped in fourteen incidents that occurred in waters off Nigeria, Benin, Gabon, Equatorial Guinea and Ghana.

Pirates and armed robbers operating throughout the Gulf of Guinea continue to target a variety of vessels, including tankers, container ships, general cargo vessels, fishing vessels, passenger vessels and numerous vessels supporting oil drilling and production. Groups have used motherships to support operations up to 200 nautical miles from shore and have often fired upon vessels during boarding's and attempted boarding's. Pirates operating in waters in the Gulf of Guinea are usually armed with guns and knives and are increasingly kidnapping larger groups of seafarers at further distances off the coast of West Africa, and are well organized and target all types of vessels.

Vessels operating in waters in the Gulf of Guinea are advised to remain vigilant at all times and should comply with Best Management Practices to Enhance Maritime Security for Vessels & Mariners Operating off the Coast of West Africa including the Gulf of Guinea (BMP WA). Additionally, vessels are advised to:

- Understand the threat to vessels transiting these waters as previous attacks have occurred 200
  nautical miles from the coast and past locations of attacks should be considered as part of a
  vessel's threat and risk assessment;
- Closely monitor the threat situation and remain in close contact with local agents and regional authorities to remain abreast of the current situation;
- Remain familiar with vessel security plans and the specific protection measures that should be implemented in the event that the vessel comes under attack;
- Equip citadel with a satellite telephone;
- Report all attacks or suspicious activity immediately to the appropriate authorities.

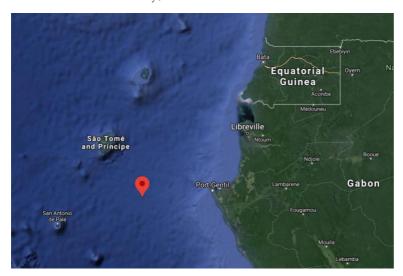






# **Current Incidents**

1. **7 February (Gabon)** - Reports indicate that the Gabon-flagged fishing vessel *LIANPENGYU* has been boarded and presumed hijacked. The *LIANPENGYU* is understood to have a crew of fourteen Chinese nationals. The vessel was last sighted in the vicinity of 00° 51 43S 007° 20 20E at around 2200 UTC on Sunday, 83 nautical miles west-southwest of Port Gentil, Gabon.



2. 6 February (Cameroon) - At 2318 UTC Saturday, pirates boarded vessel MV SEA PHANTOM, 115 nautical miles off the coast of Kribi, Cameroon, in position 02 00.0N - 008 15.0E. Officials have indicated that the vessel was making about 13 knots on an easterly course before carrying out evasive manoeuvres. The crew was mustered in the citadel, with the vessel then managing to navigate north-northeast. The vessel arrived safety in Malabo, Equatorial Guinea on 7 February.









3. **1 February (Ghana)** - Robbers boarded a bulk carrier anchored at Tema Anchorage. A duty crewman on routine rounds found that eight sounding pipe plugs had been stolen. The robbers boarded the vessel unnoticed.



Source: ONI

# **Late Reported Incidents**

- 3. **30 January (Nigeria Incident Update)** Kidnappers released six Ukrainian sailors, kidnapped from Cameroon-flagged bulk carrier *STEVIA* on 16 December 2020, after fifty days in captivity.
- 29 January (Nigeria Incident Update) Kidnappers released five sailors, abducted from the Cameroon-flagged general cargo ship CAP SAINT GEORGES on 10 December 2020, after 45 days in captivity.



Source: ONI

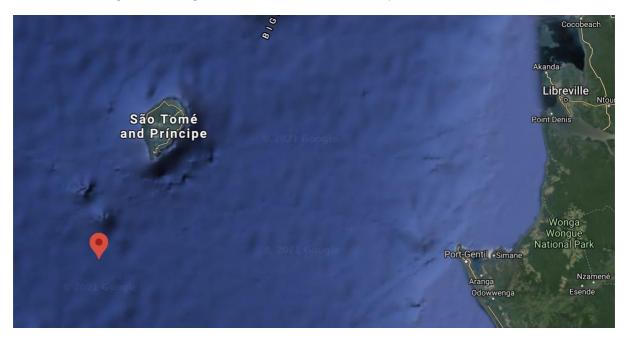






# **Additional Reporting**

At 1700 UTC on 8 February, vessel MT Seaking reported that a small boat, launched from a mother vessel, was approaching the ship, with the attackers trying to unsuccessfully board the vessel. The attack occurred off Port Gentil, Gabon, with reports indicating that the boat came alongside and the attackers attempted to board the vessel using ladders. The Master is understood to have taken evasive action and the original boarding failed. The incident occurred in position 00 43.1S - 006 08.7E.







# East Asia / Southeast Asia

Waters in East Asia and Southeast Asia continue to be <a href="https://high.com/high-risk">high-risk</a> areas to commercial vessels transiting this region. Piracy and armed robbery in Asia differs significantly from that of Somali-based piracy - Somali-based piraces generally attack vessels in order to hijack them and hold crewmembers for ransom; criminal activity occurring in waters in Asia generally revolves around theft of personal property and hijacking of vessels for the purpose of cargo theft.

Pirates and armed robbers operating in Asian waters primarily board vessels in order to steal stores and engine spares as well as personal belongings of crewmembers. This type of attack affects all vessels that transit the region. Hijacking of vessels for the purpose of cargo theft typically sees tankers carrying refined products targeted. Armed robbery remains opportunistic in nature, and can at times be violent. Vessels are particularly vulnerable when at anchor or when the bridge team are involved in navigating through congested waters and island groups. Perpetrators carrying out armed robberies typically aim to board and leave the vessel without being seen and sometimes turn violent when sighted or confronted by crewmembers.

Vessels transiting this region are advised to:

- Ship Masters and crewmembers are strongly advised to exercise vigilance, maintain constant lockout for suspicious vessels in the vicinity and report all incidents and suspicious activity immediately to the nearest coastal state;
- Prior to entering these waters, vessels are advised to implement preventative measures;
- Maximise alertness of lookouts for suspicious small boats and increase watch keeping on board vessels during both daylight and night time hours;
- Maintain communication with their shipping company and provide regular updates;

The risk of abduction of crewmembers in the Sulu-Celebes Seas and waters off Eastern Sabah remains high. Considering the continued existence of the threat of abduction of crew and the violent nature of perpetrators, vessels are advised to reroute from the area, where possible; otherwise ship masters and crewmembers are strongly urged to exercise extra vigilance and report any incidents or suspicious activity immediately to the Operation Centres of the Philippines and Eastern Sabah Security Command (ESSCOM) of Malaysia.







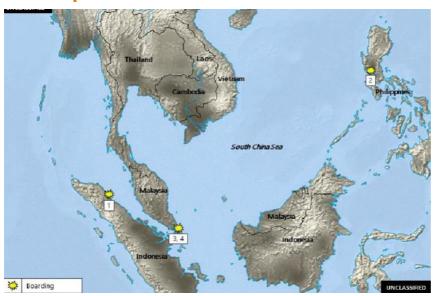
# **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

Current Incidents:

C

# **Late Reported Incidents**



Source: ONI

- 1. 31 January (Indonesia) Two robbers boarded the Bahamas-flagged LNG tanker SURAYA AKI while anchored in Belawan Anchorage, near position 03:56N 098:45E. Both the shipping company and the Belawan Vessel Traffic Information System were informed and all crewmembers retreated to the citadel. Indonesian marine police were dispatched to the tanker and subsequently carried out a full search, which confirmed that the robbers had escaped with items of ship's stores.
- 2. 30 January (Philippines) Two robbers boarded the Singapore-flagged container ship KOTA NEBULA while anchored at General Santos City, near position 06:56N 125:09E. The perpetrators were sighted on the starboard lifeboat deck. The general alarm was raised. All crewmembers were notified of the perpetrators and their location via the PA system. The crew proceeded to the starboard lifeboat deck. The perpetrators jumped into the water and fled into a small motor boat. The crew was not injured. A search of the vessel was carried out and two nozzles and two fire hydrant caps were reported missing.
- 3. 29 January (Indonesia) Three robbers armed with knives boarded the Liberia-flagged general cargo ship VANTAGE WAVE approximately 5.8 nautical miles northwest of Tanjung Pergam, Bintan Island in the eastbound lane of the Singapore Strait, near position 01:16N 104:18E. A search of the vessel was carried out and nothing was stolen. All crewmembers have been reported safe. Singapore, Malaysian and Indonesian authorities were notified of the incident.
- 4. 28 January (Indonesia) Ten robbers armed with knives boarded the Liberia-flagged bulk carrier ELVIA approximately 6 nautical miles northwest of Tanjung Pergam, Bintan Island, in the eastbound lane of the Singapore Strait, near position 01:16N 104:16E. A search of the vessel was carried out and nothing was reported stolen. All crewmembers have been reported safe. Singapore, Malaysian and Indonesian authorities were notified of the incident.







# Worldwide

Total Current Worldwide Incidents

### **North America**

#### **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

#### **Late Reported Incidents**

No late reported incidents.

# Central America / Caribbean / South America

### **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

# **Late Reported Incidents**



Source: ONI

1. **31 January (Antigua and Barbuda)** - Robbers boarded a catamaran anchored in Falmouth Harbour. The captain found the salon door of the catamaran half open. Upon walking into the aft cockpit, a man was found boarding a kayak just under the hoisted tender. The captain confronted the man, wanting to know what he was doing, though no reply was given. When asked again, the man stated that he was fishing as he paddled away. Wet footprints were found in the salon and







- the top of the stairs leading to each hull where persons were sleeping. A review of the yachts contents was carried out though nothing was found missing.
- 2. **31 January (Antigua and Barbuda)** A second incident occurred where robbers boarded a sailing yacht also anchored in Falmouth Harbour. The crew found the salon floor soaked in sea water and cash missing from the top of the chart table. No other items were taken. A police report was made.
- 3. **26 January (Saint Martin)** Robbers boarded a sailing yacht anchored in Simpson Bay Lagoon. The handle from the bilge pump was used to force the padlock from the companionway hatch. The boat was methodically searched and laptops and other electronics, along with fishing gear, flare gun/shells, and large bolt/cable cutters were stolen.
- 4. **14 January (Saint Martin)** Robbers boarded a sailing yacht moored near Explorer Island, Simpson Bay Lagoon. Laptops and electronics were stolen.
- 5. **7 January (Saint Martin)** Robbers boarded a sailing yacht moored near Explorer Island, Simpson Bay Lagoon. Laptops and electronics were stolen.

#### **Atlantic Ocean**

#### **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

### **Late Reported Incidents**

No late reported incidents.

# Northern Europe / Baltic

#### **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

#### **Late Reported Incidents**

No late reported incidents.

#### Mediterranean / Black Sea

#### **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

### **Late Reported Incidents**

No late reported incidents.

#### **Arabian Gulf**

#### **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.







### **Late Reported Incidents**

 29 January (Saudi Arabia) - Customs authorities announced that they had seized 14.4 million Captagon pills hidden in a shipment of wood panels in King Abdul Aziz Port.



Source: ONI

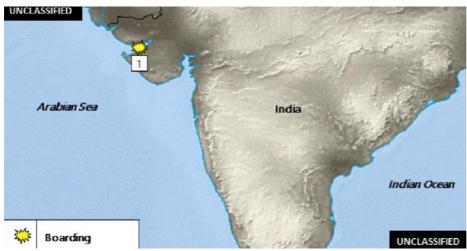
# **Indian Subcontinent**

#### **Current Incidents**

No incidents reported during this period.

# **Late Reported Incidents**

29 January (India) - Robbers boarded a tanker anchored off Kandla Anchorage, near position 22:55N - 070:10E. A duty crewman spotted three robbers boarding the vessel. The alarm was raised, which resulted in the perpetrators escaping empty-handed.



Source: ONI







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# Pacific Ocean Area / Australia / New Zealand

**Current Incidents** 

No incidents reported during this period.

**Late Reported Incidents** 

No late reported incidents.







# **About MS Risk**

MS Risk is a privately-owned company domiciled in the Isle of Man. It is underwritten by a syndicate of Lloyd's of London for special risks case management in all jurisdictions. MS Risk is a retained adviser to leading syndicates in the Lloyd's of London specialty risk insurance markets for mitigating and responding to perils including: kidnap for ransom, extortion, hijack, illegal detention, malicious product tamper, crisis evacuation, terrorism, political & war risks.

MS Risk is a signatory of the International Code of Conduct and member of ICOCA. All work is compliant to the Voluntary Principles for Security and Human Rights. It is transparent and compliant to market expectations on legal and ethical conduct in the performance of services worldwide.

MS Risk has dedicated researchers, a 24/7 hotline service and a team of experienced consultants to support client needs.

MS Risk supports clients in a variety of business sectors with the following services:

#### **SECURITY CONSULTING**

- Risk assessments and intelligence reporting
- Planning and management
- Due diligence and investigations

#### **CRISIS RESPONSE**

- Crisis management
- Business continuity management
- Hostile operations support to commercial interests

#### PROJECT MANAGEMENT

- Interim security
- Training
- Special assignments

#### VIRTUAL SECURITY DIRECTOR SERVICE

For clients lacking a full-time security executive

#### References are always available.

More information is found at <a href="https://www.msrisk.com">www.msrisk.com</a>
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# **About Cyrus – A Fresh Perspective**

CYRUS is a specialist marine team within Besso Limited, formed by bringing together a group of individuals who share the same values and ambitions in the shipping insurance industry. These values benefit you by providing a unique combination of experience, flexibility, strong trading relationships and state of the art technology.

### **Experienced and highly regarded**

CYRUS provides a fresh approach to broking with strong independent financial backing. The company has an experienced, highly regarded, qualified team, which has the resources and skills to operate to the highest standards whilst at the same time harnessing the creative thinking of some of the best talent in the market.

#### **Flexibility**

The CYRUS team has the structure and ability to be agile and act quickly. The focus is on direct or assisted retail relationships, which means they are able to quickly gain a detailed understanding of your operations, which they use to derive the best benefits from the market. This approach is complemented by an exemplary level of service; achieved by designing I.T. systems with your needs in mind.

#### **Trading relationships**

The team enjoy some of the strongest underwriting relationships in the marine insurance market, a number of which span many decades. This is a key benefit to owners in an industry where the trust and respect of individuals leads to tangible benefits for clients with your placing and claims.

# Bridge

This fresh approach is underpinned by our secure, state of the art, client platform BRIDGE, which provides clients with access to their insurance programme from anywhere in the world. Bridge has been designed to reduce the administrative burden on the insurance team, providing the following supportive components to clients:

- instant access to policy documentation
- dynamic claims tracking from initial advice to final settlement
- AIS-linked for asset tracking
- premium monitoring
- quoting, negotiation and binding of war breaches, including immediate production of invoices

#### **Product Classes**

CYRUS offer the cost effective placement of all types of cover from physical damage and liability to business interruption which includes the following:

#### Special Risks

Primary Delay/Loss of Hire under 14 days. Gas off take protection Force Majeure cover Charter Termination Delay in Delivery Liquidated Damages

### Cyber

Hull exclusion "Buy Back" cover Loss of income and extra expense Cyber Extortion and Ransomware Incident response costs I.T. Restoration costs Network Privacy Liability

Unique War Risks and K&R products and structures









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